



Integration of Sustainable Development into Contaminated Sites Management

ARC2010 Oct 27-29, 2010 - Halifax, NS

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Outline of the Presentation

- Sustainable Development (SD) and Engineering Projects
- Site Remediation and SD
- Golder Associates Sustainability Decision Support Tool GoldSET©
- Case Studies (PWGSC/EC Sustainability Decision Support Tool for Site Remediation (« SDST »))
- Conclusion



Sustainable Development and Engineering

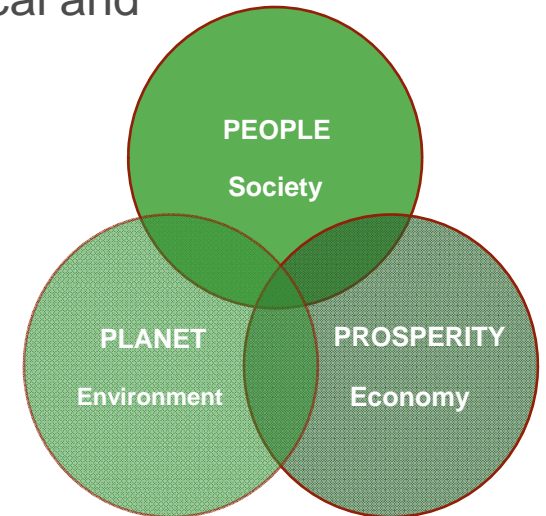
Sustainable Development (SD):

“Development that meets the needs of the present without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their own needs.”

(Our Common Future, WCED, 1987)

SD: the answer to everyone facing the global ecological and social urgency :

- Climate changes
- Rarefaction of natural resources
- Gap between developed and underdeveloped countries
- Drastic lost of biodiversity
- etc.



It's about maintaining the delicate balance between Profit, People and Planet:
the new corporate Triple Bottom Line



Sustainability & Remediation

SD principles are increasingly integrated into various types of engineering projects (Green Road, Green Mining, Green Remediation, etc.)

Multiple forums, groups and agencies are working on the application of sustainability principles in remediation :

- Europe

- CLARINET (« Contaminated Land Rehabilitation Network for Environmental Technologies »)
- NICOLE (« Network for Contaminated Land in Europe »)
- EuroDemo (« European Platform for Demonstration of Efficient Soil and Groundwater Remediation »)
- SURF (« Sustainable Remediation Forum ») – USA & UK

- USA

- U.S. EPA – Green Remediation

- Canada

- CIRAIG (Interuniversity Research Centre for the Life Cycle of Products, Processes and Services)

M7

Slide 4

M7

à traduire....

Montreal-Golder, 27/04/2010

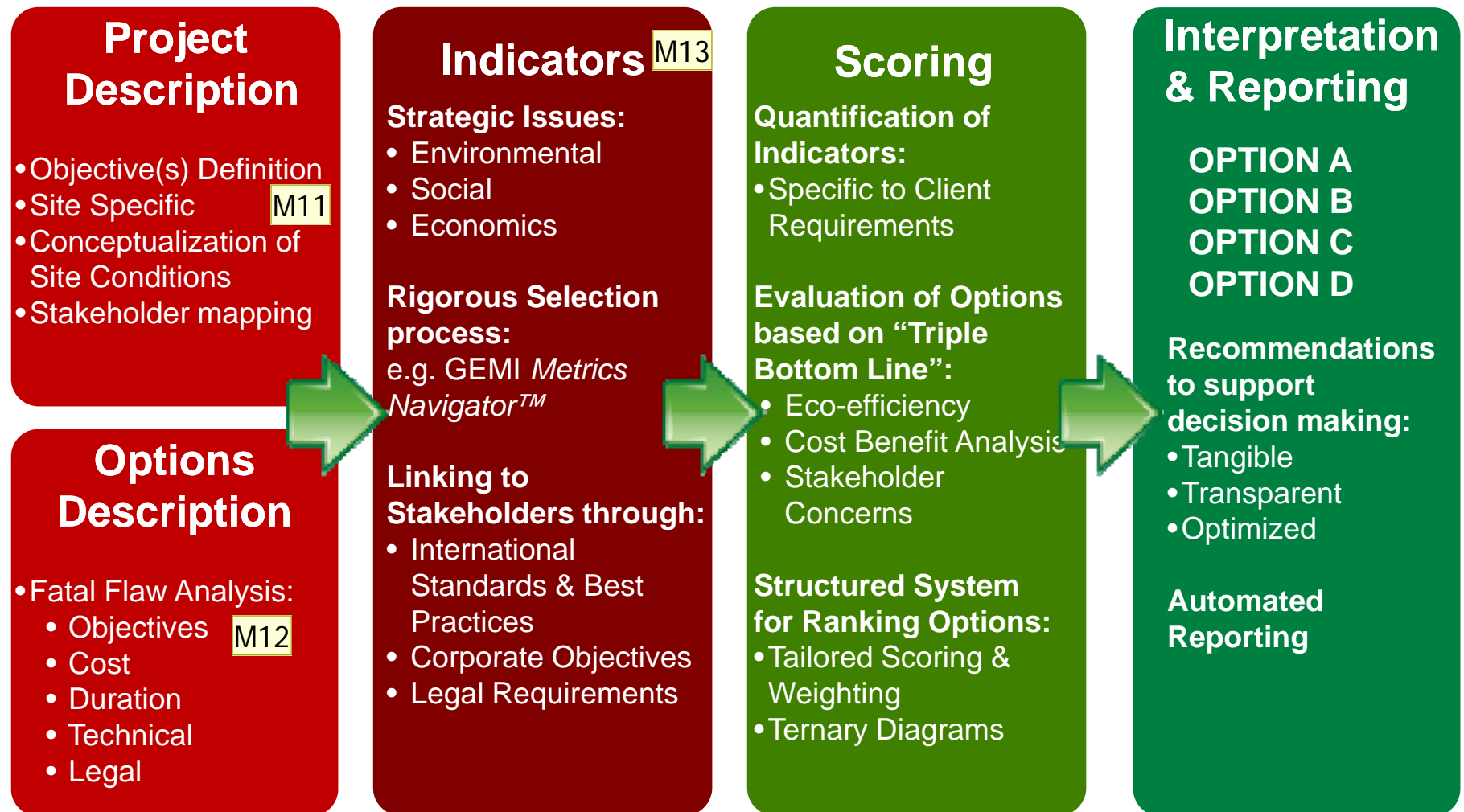


GoldSET© (Golder Sustainability Evaluation Tool)

- Created in 2007, GoldSET© was originally designed to integrate and operationalize the SD principles in remediation projects
- GoldSET was designed to bring Sustainable Development at the operational level so that organizations can **“Walk the Talk”**
 - Addresses the evaluation of the “Triple Bottom Line”: Economic, Social and Environmental
 - Transparent decision process for stakeholders, investors and regulators alike
 - Provides a quantitative and qualitative evaluation
 - Measures direct and collateral impacts and benefits
 - Efficient and effective decisions
 - Easy to communicate and understand
 - Tailored to the organization undertaking the activities
 - Balanced, impartial and comprehensive, yet simple to use
 - Reduces overall economic impacts through optimization



GoldSET© : Sustainability Evaluation Tool



Slide 6

M11

Most important

Montreal-Golder, 30/06/2010

M12

Traditionnal criteria by which we used to evaluate our projects. They are used as a pre-screening.

Montreal-Golder, 30/06/2010

M13

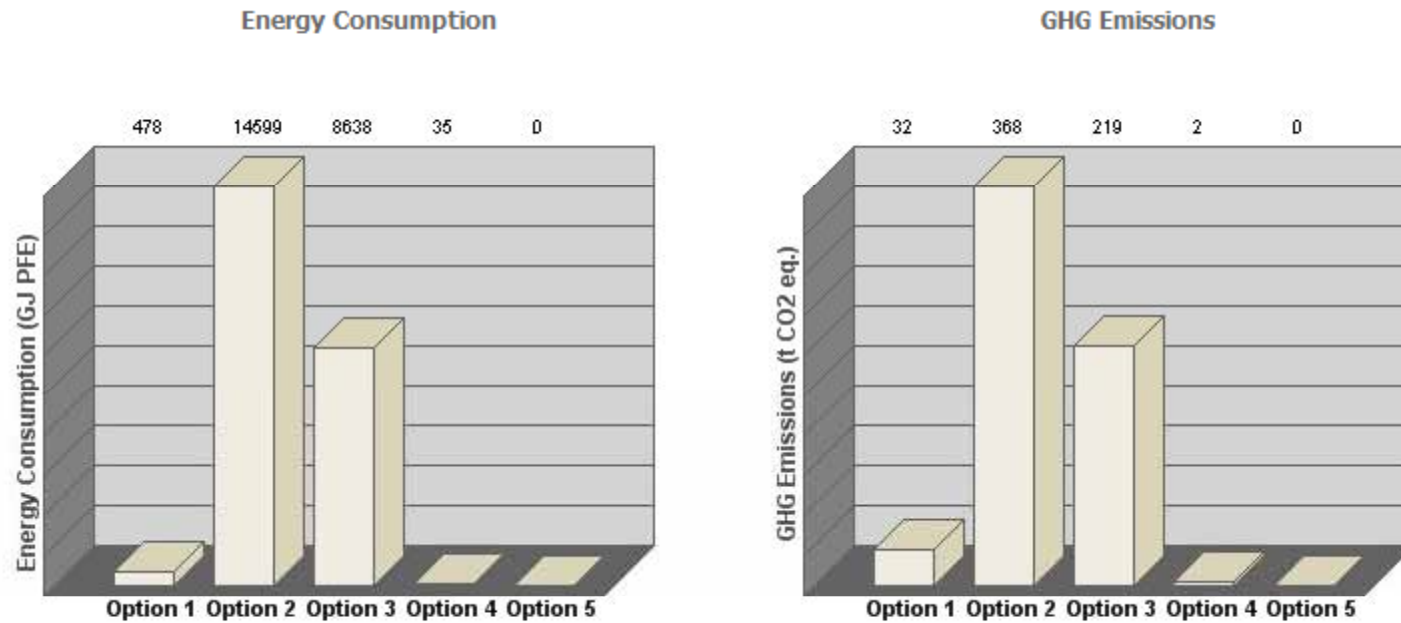
They are your decision criteria that you use to assess the impact of your options

Assessment only as good as the choice of the indicators. The selection process is hence critical for the analysis.

Montreal-Golder, 30/06/2010



GoldSET© : Quantitative Indicators

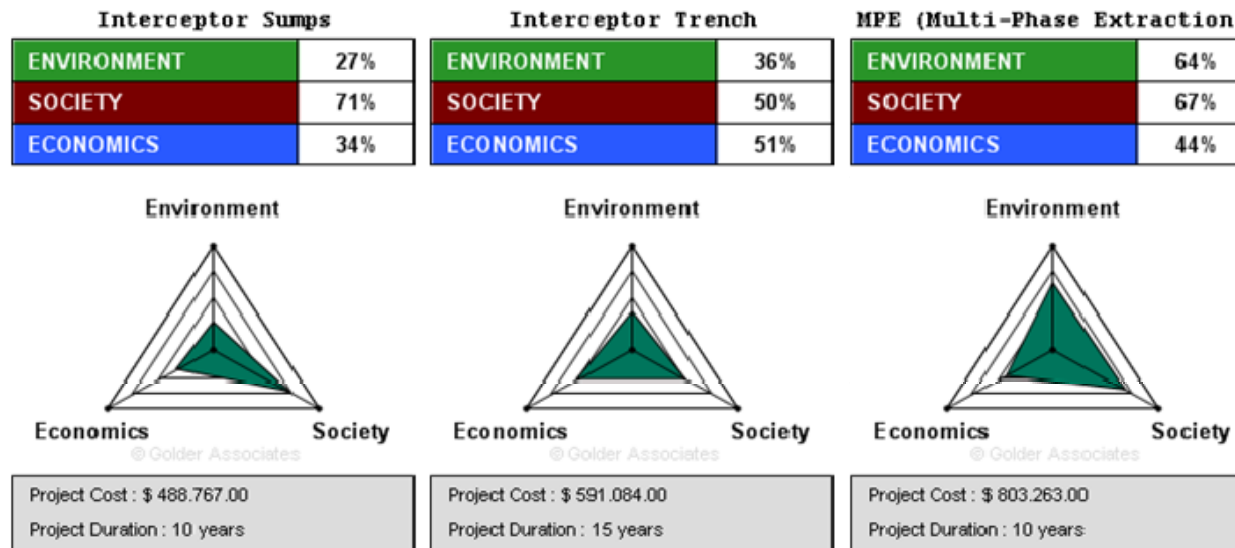


- Energy & GHG emissions are estimated with the GoldSET© module
- All quantitative indicators (\$, t CO2 e, KWh, water usage ...) can be compared through normalization
- Can be customized to meet an organization's specific requirements



Actionable Result Output

- The best approach from a sustainability standpoint is based on:
 - The biggest, most balanced triangle.
 - Highest performance in each dimension
 - Balanced performance between all dimensions
 - Local specificities must be considered in selecting the option





GoldSET© - www.gold-set.com

Login page



GoldSET

The sustainability decision support tool developed by Golder Associates is a multi-criteria analytical tool to evaluate the strengths and weaknesses of engineering projects with respect to the environmental, social, and economic dimensions of sustainable development. The tool called GoldSET©, allows for the comparison of different options on a balanced, impartial, and comprehensive basis. As such, it can help identify optimal solutions for decision-making based on the principles of sustainable development. This sustainability analysis results in a so-called "triple-bottom-line" assessment, expanding the traditional analytical framework to take into account environmental and social performances in addition to financial performance.

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Case Study #1: GoldSET Adapted to CN's Needs

- **CN's requirements :**
 - Measuring sustainability of a project
 - Balanced, impartial and comprehensive, yet simple to use
 - **Transparent** decision tool
 - **Tailored** to their activities
 - Measure direct and collateral **impacts and benefits**
 - Reduce **overall economic impacts** through re-engineering

Adaptability of GoldSET© to CN requirements for contaminated site planning across North America



GoldSET-CN-SR

The sustainability decision support tool developed by Golder Associates is a multi-criteria analytical tool to evaluate the strengths and weaknesses of engineering projects with respect to the environmental, social, and economic dimensions of sustainable development. The tool called GoldSET®, allows for the comparison of different options on a balanced, impartial, and comprehensive basis. As such, it can help identify optimal solutions for decision-making based on the principles of sustainable development. This sustainability analysis results in a so-called "triple-bottom-line" assessment, expanding the traditional analytical framework to take into account environmental and social performances in addition to financial performance.

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Case Study #1: GoldSET Adapted to CN's Needs

The GoldSET-CN-SR :

- Decision Support Tool based on MCA (Multi-criteria analysis)
- Semi-quantitative (qualitative & quantitative)
- Several quantitative indicators (GHG, energy, water, waste, etc)

Indicators developed from:

- Global Reporting Initiative (GRI, 2006)
- FIDIC “Project Sustainability Management” guide (PSM, 2004)
- Office for Rail Regulation (ORR) – UK
- Railway Association of Canada (RAC)
- CN documents



GoldSET-CN-SR

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Golder Associates

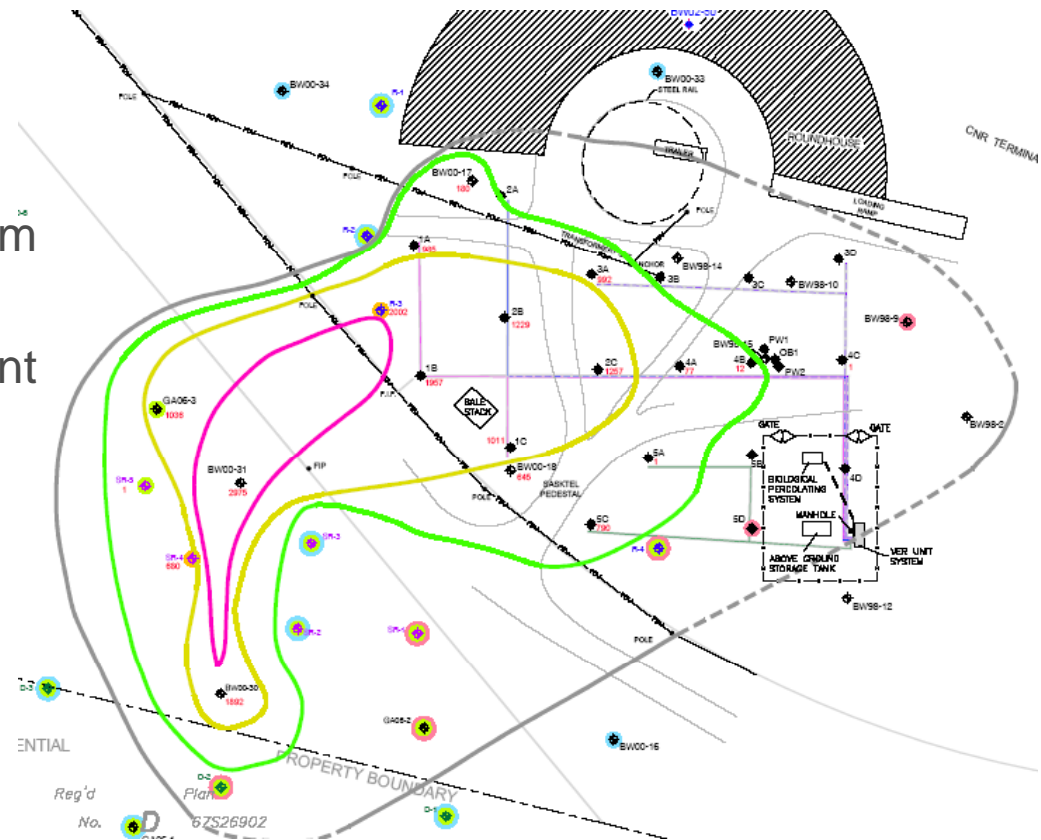
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Case Study #2: Site in Western Canada

Conceptual model:

- Approx. ½ million litres of weathered diesel in subsurface
- LNAPL thicknesses vary from 0 to 3 m in places
- Depth to product approx. 16-18 m below grade
- Dissolved phase impacts present above guideline.
- Silty sand, fine to medium grained
- Plumes appear to be migrating toward site boundary





Case Study #2: Site in Western Canada

Step 2 : Option Definition

3

Winterized VER Unit and annual O&M Selected



Option Description

General description of the approach versus objective(s)

Provide a general description of the approach and explain how the approach will meet the project objective(s):



A system of four networks of recovery wells tie into the main VER unit to recover LNAPL.

Is the proposed approach expected to meet the objectives ?

Yes

Description of technology

Technology

Provide a summary of the technology and explain how the technology will meet physical site constraints if any :



With product at depths of >12 m below grade, VER with air lines are known to produce enough lift to recover large volumes of LNAPL.

Additional Testing Required

Detail additional testing required if any :



A pilot test should be conducted at the site prior to system design.

Machinery and System Components

Describe the machinery and physical components required (succinct description of main components only) :



VER unit in series with a biological percolation unit, followed by a water treatment unit (activated carbon and clay), followed by an

Is the proposed approach technically feasible given site constraints ?

Yes

Options:

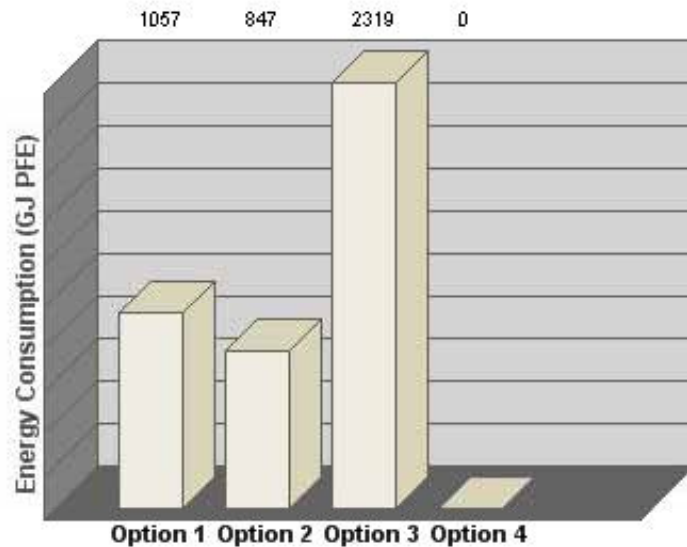
- Recovery trench at property boundary & pump product
- Pump and treat to prevent offsite migration
- Winterized VER unit and annual O&M
- Natural attenuation and monitoring



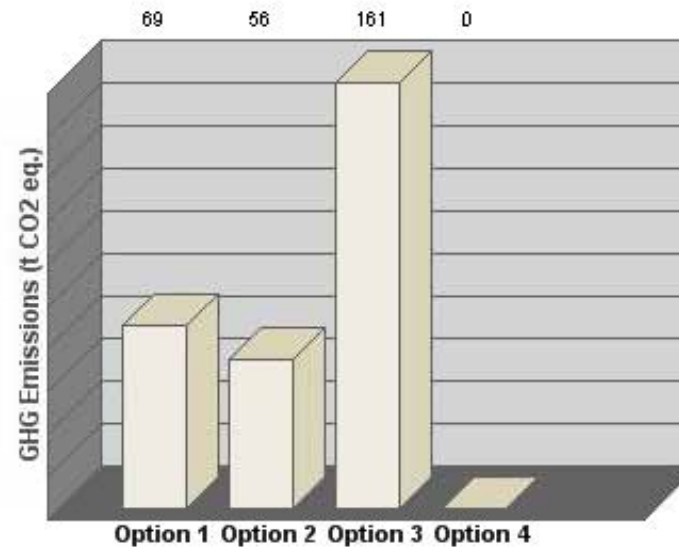
Case Study #2: Site in Western Canada

Step 4 : Scoring – Quantitative (GHG&Energy) - Environmental Aspect

Energy Consumption



GHG Emissions



Quantitative Indicator



Case Study #2: Site in Western Canada

Step 4 : Scoring – Qualitative/Quantitative - Environmental Aspect

Environmental Aspect						
Code	Indicator	Recovery Trench at property boundary & pump product	Pump and Treat prevent offsite migration	Winterized VER Unit and annual O&M	Natural attenuation and monitoring	Weight
ENV-1	Soil Quality	0	50	50	0	1
ENV-2	Groundwater Quality	0	90	100	0	2
ENV-3	Free Product	50	90	100	0	3
ENV-4	Surface Water Quality	0	0	0	0	1
ENV-5	Off-Site Migration	0	50	100	0	3
ENV-6	Greenhouse Gas Emissions	40	48	0	100	1
ENV-7	Energy Consumption	37	47	0	100	1



Case Study #2: Site in Western Canada

Step 4 : Scoring – Qualitative/ Quantitative – Social Aspect

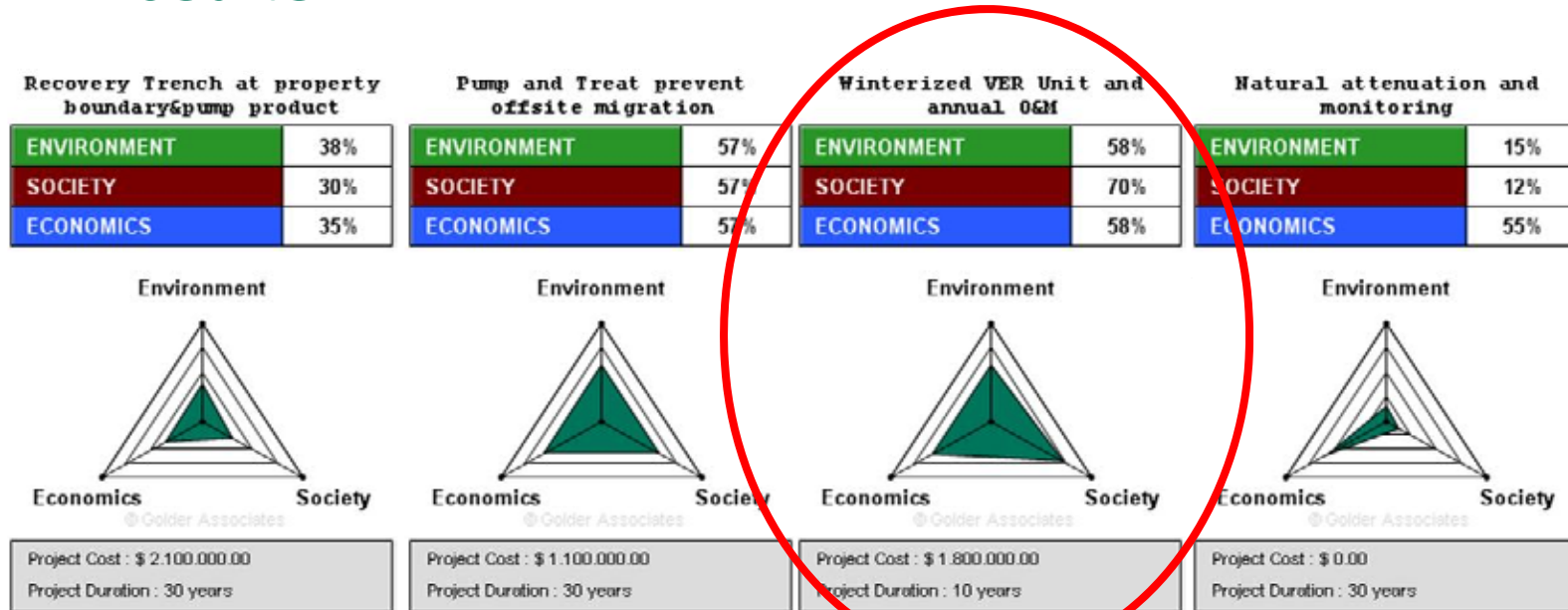
Code	Indicator	Recovery Trench at property boundary & pump product	Pump and Treat prevent offsite migration	Winterized VER Unit and annual O&M	Do Nothing	Weight
SOC-1	Public Safety	0	50	100	0	2
SOC-2	Worker's Safety	0	50	50		2
SOC-3	Duration of Work	0	0	100	0	1
SOC-4	Quality of Life (During the Project)	100	100	100	0	1
SOC-5	Reuse of the Property by the Corporation	50	50	100	0	1
SOC-6	Use for the Public	50	50	100	0	1
SOC-7	Cultural Heritage	0	0	100	0	1
SOC-8	Local Job Creation and Diversity	0	100	100	0	1
SOC-9	Response to Social Sensitivity	50	50	100	0	1
SOC-10	Standards, Laws and Regulations	50	50	100	0	1
SOC-11	Impact on the Landscape	50	50	50	150	1
SOC-12	Management Practices	50	50	100	0	1

Economic Aspect



Case Study #2: Site in Western Canada

Results



- VER option optimizes environmental, social and economic aspects
- VER is technically feasible – objectives are met with this option
- Transparent and visual - efficient reporting



Case Study #3 PWGSC/EC Sustainability Decision Support Tool for Site Remediation – (SDST)

Exploratory project for the management of federal contaminated sites – Golder was mandated by Public Works and Government Services Canada (PWGSC) and Environment Canada (EC), to develop their own sustainability evaluation tool : SDST

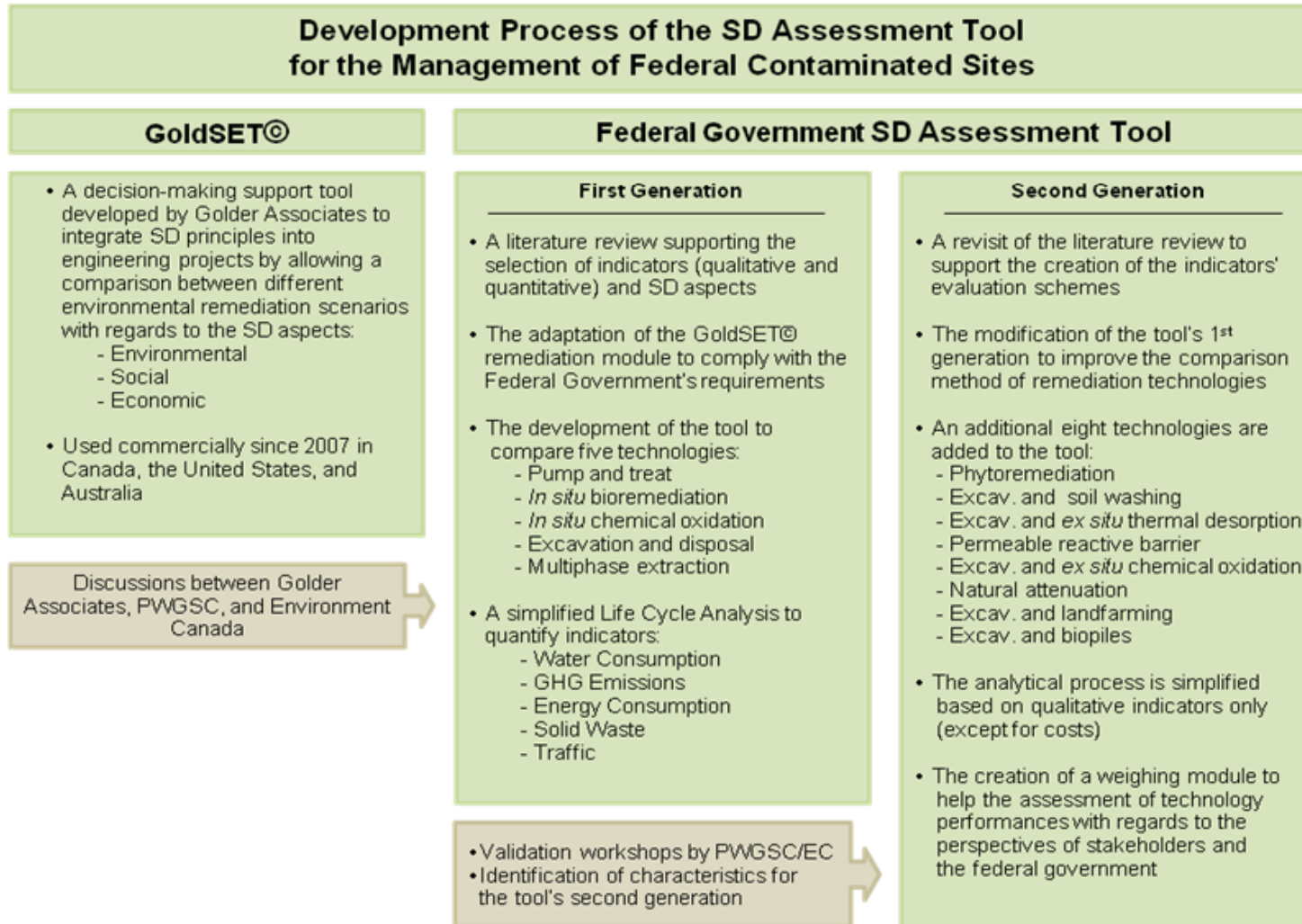
- Strategies surrounding the SDST
 - Increase the federal contaminated site manager’s awareness on SD issues
 - Increase understanding of SD to help sound decision making
 - Facilitate the communication of issues with the different stakeholder

- Objectives of the SDST
 - Adjust the first generation tool following consultations with TPSGC/EC
 - Be based as much as possible on consulted works from the literature review
 - Be simple and flexible for use by managers of contaminated sites
 - Allow a qualitative technology evaluation founded on generic and semi-generic indicators
 - Include a methodology to allow consideration of indicators systematically during an evaluation





Case Study #3 PWGSC/EC Sustainability Decision Support Tool for Site Remediation – (SDST)





Case Study #3 PWGSC/EC Sustainability Decision Support Tool for Site Remediation – (SDST)

The second generation tool includes different types of indicators:

Type	Evaluation Scheme	Description	# of Indicators
Quantitative	Normalized	When quantitative values are known, they are compared the other options in order to obtain a value between 0 and 100 (100 being the best option).	1
Qualitative	Generic	Generic indicators receive a score of 0, 33, 66, or 100, depending on the technology's efficiency, but independently of site-specific characteristics. The scores of the generic indicators are found in the <i>Reference (1)</i> tab.	18
	Semi-generic	Based on site-specific characteristics specified in the <i>Site Description</i> tab, semi-generic indicators receive a score of 0, 50, or 100, depending on the technology's efficiency. The scores of the semi-generic indicators are found in the <i>Reference (2)</i> tab.	4
	Custom	The custom scoring scheme is indicator-specific and is used to incorporate some indicators in the assessment. A good understanding of the technology, the project and its context is required to choose the appropriate score.	10





Case Study #3 PWGSC/EC Sustainability Decision Support Tool for Site Remediation – (SDST)

Importance for the Federal Government

Very high	3	3	3
High	2	2	3
Low to Moderate	1	1	2
	Low to Moderate	High	Very high

Level of concern to Stakeholders

Weighting module

INDICATOR	FEDERAL GOVERNMENT (IMPORTANCE)	STAKEHOLDERS (LEVEL OF CONCERN)	COMMENTS / JUSTIFICATIONS	WEIGHT
ENVIRONMENTAL ASPECT				
Semi-generic	High	Low to Moderate		
Soil Quality: ENV-1	The indicator is related to an objective of the Federal Government's SD strategy	Stakeholders acknowledge the issues associated with the indicator but do not consider it important in the context of the project		2
<i>Applicable</i>				





Case Study #3 PWGSC/EC Sustainability Decision Support Tool for Site Remediation – (SDST)

**OUTIL D'ANALYSE DE
ÉVALUATION DE DÉVELOPPEMENT DURABLE - PROJETS DE RÉHABILITATION ENVIRONNEMENTALE
GRILLE D'ÉVALUATION**

PROJET Terrain X	PROJET 444-4444-4444	PROJET 222-2222-2222	PROJET Vincennes (Métro)	PROJET Droit Parquet	PROJET Rue de la Paix de Tilly	PROJET 15 mars 2018
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INTRANTS

INDICATEUR	DIMENSION ENVIRONNEMENTALE	Requis	Requis de l'option	Performance	Requis de l'option	Requis de l'option	Notes
ENV-1	Build for use	100	100	100	100	100	3
ENV-2	Infrastructure	100	100	100	100	100	3
ENV-3	Build for use	100	100	100	100	100	3
ENV-4	Build for use	100	100	100	100	100	3
ENV-5	Build for use	100	100	100	100	100	3
ENV-6	Build for use	100	100	100	100	100	3
ENV-7	Build for use	100	100	100	100	100	3
ENV-8	Build for use	100	100	100	100	100	3
ENV-9	Build for use	100	100	100	100	100	3
ENV-10	Build for use	100	100	100	100	100	3
ENV-11	Build for use	100	100	100	100	100	3
ENV-12	Build for use	100	100	100	100	100	3
ENV-13	Build for use	100	100	100	100	100	3
ENV-14	Build for use	100	100	100	100	100	3
ENV-15	Build for use	100	100	100	100	100	3
ENV-16	Build for use	100	100	100	100	100	3

INDICATEUR	DIMENSION SOCIALE	Requis	Requis de l'option	Performance	Requis de l'option	Requis de l'option	Notes
SOC-1	Build for use	100	100	100	100	100	3
SOC-2	Build for use	100	100	100	100	100	3
SOC-3	Build for use	100	100	100	100	100	3
SOC-4	Build for use	100	100	100	100	100	3
SOC-5	Build for use	100	100	100	100	100	3
SOC-6	Build for use	100	100	100	100	100	3
SOC-7	Build for use	100	100	100	100	100	3
SOC-8	Build for use	100	100	100	100	100	3

INDICATEUR	DIMENSION ÉCONOMIQUE	Requis	Requis de l'option	Performance	Requis de l'option	Requis de l'option	Notes
ECON-1	Build for use	100	100	100	100	100	3
ECON-2	Build for use	100	100	100	100	100	3
ECON-3	Build for use	100	100	100	100	100	3
ECON-4	Build for use	100	100	100	100	100	3
ECON-5	Build for use	100	100	100	100	100	3
ECON-6	Build for use	100	100	100	100	100	3
ECON-7	Build for use	100	100	100	100	100	3
ECON-8	Build for use	100	100	100	100	100	3

PERFORMANCE EN DÉVELOPPEMENT DURABLE DES OPTIONS

Le triangle le plus étendu et équilibré représente l'option la plus durable.

OPTION 1 - Réhabilitation

ENVIRONNEMENT	100X
SOCIÉTÉ	100X
ÉCONOMIE	100X

Coûts (ECON-1) 150 000 \$

OPTION 2 - Réhabilitation

ENVIRONNEMENT	100X
SOCIÉTÉ	100X
ÉCONOMIE	250X

Coûts (ECON-1) 250 000 \$

OPTION 3 - Réhabilitation

ENVIRONNEMENT	100X
SOCIÉTÉ	120X
ÉCONOMIE	210X

Coûts (ECON-1) 180 000 \$

OPTION 4 - Réhabilitation

ENVIRONNEMENT	100X
SOCIÉTÉ	100X
ÉCONOMIE	710X

Coûts (ECON-1) 750 000 \$

OPTION 5 - Réhabilitation

ENVIRONNEMENT	100X
SOCIÉTÉ	100X
ÉCONOMIE	650X

Coûts (ECON-1) 500 000 \$

Échelle de pointage:
1 Très équilibré → 100 Très pointé

Objectifs de la réhabilitation	<p>Zone de confinement Hydrocarbures aromatiques polycycliques (HAP)</p> <p>Zone de sol Sable</p> <p>Profondeur maximale de la contamination 100 cm</p>
Faciles personnelles au projet	<p>Zone confinée Séparation des déchets</p> <p>Préférence de phase libre Sable</p> <p>Concentration de confinement 100 mg/m³</p>

Version 2.1 beta - 02 mai 2018



Case Study # 4 : Study of Alternatives to Off-site Disposal of Contaminated Soils, Pickering Lands Site, ON

- It would have been interesting to compare the results of the Pickering study with the 2nd Generation PWSGC/EC SDST

- However, this was not possible because:
 - This version of the tool is currently in a pilot-testing phase
 - It does not yet allow the evaluation of combined remediation technologies as proposed for the Pickering project. (e.g.: Option 2a – On-site Landfill, Stabilization and Bioremediation or Option 3 – Bioremediation and Disposal)

- This is planned in the next development phase of the tool.



Case Study # 4 : Study of Alternatives to Off-site Disposal of Contaminated Soils, Pickering Lands Site, ON

- Mandate PWGSC Environmental Services, on behalf of Transport Canada
 - Approximately 200 properties with environmentally impacted soils:
 - Petroleum hydrocarbons and BTEX (2,000 tonnes);
 - Metals (12,000 tonnes); and,
 - Combined PHC, BTEX and metals (1,500 tonnes)

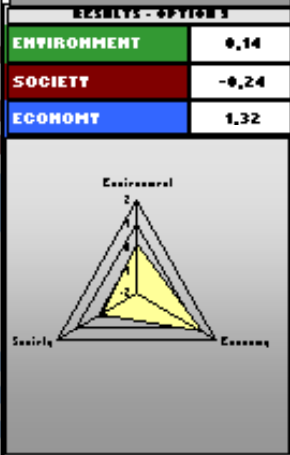
Remedial Options	Component to Address PHC and BTEX	Component to Address Metals
1	Off-site disposal at landfill	Off-site disposal at landfill
2A	On-site Biopile	Stabilization and on-site Landfill
2B	On-site Biopile	On-site landfill without stabilization
3	Off-site disposal at Bioremediation facility	Off-site disposal at landfill
4	Off-site disposal at Bioremediation facility	Stabilization and on-site landfill



Case Study # 4 : Study of Alternatives to Off-site Disposal of Contaminated Soils, Pickering Lands Site, ON

FIGURE 3: SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT EVALUATION GRID INPUT DATA - SITE REMEDIATION

PROJECT NAME:	PROJECT NUMBER:	EVALUATED BY:	Checked by:	DATE:	TYPE OF REMEDIATION	
Pickering Lands Site, Ontario	07-1122-0297	E. D'Amico	P. Beaudry	February 2003	OPTION 1: Removal Landfill OPTION 2A: Various Landfills, Stabilization and ... OPTION 2B: On-site Landfill and Bioremediation OPTION 3: Bioremediation of Green Soils and Biosand at Remedia OPTION 4: Bioremediation of Green Soils, On-site Stabilization and Landfill REMARKS: Working Document	
ENVIRONMENTAL ASPECT	Option 1	Option 2A	Option 2B	Option 3	Option 4	Weight
Soil quality	-2 -1 0 +1 +2	-2 -1 0 +1 +2	-2 -1 0 +1 +2	-2 -1 0 +1 +2	-2 -1 0 +1 +2	
Soil quality improvement						3
Sediment quality						N/A
Sediment quality improvement						
Water						
Groundwater quality improvement						N/A
Surface water quality improvement						N/A
Water supply usage						2
Ecology						
Wildlife conservation						1
Flora conservation						1
Atmosphere						
Greenhouse gas emissions						2
Consumed energy						
Consumed energy						3
Consumed materials						
Consumed materials						2
Transportation impact						
Transportation impact						3
Waste						
Solid waste output						1
Hazardous waste output						1
Impacted soil, water and sediment						
Impacted soil, water and sediment						3
SOCIAL ASPECT	Option 1	Option 2A	Option 2B	Option 3	Option 4	Weight
Health and safety	-2 -1 0 +1 +2	-2 -1 0 +1 +2	-2 -1 0 +1 +2	-2 -1 0 +1 +2	-2 -1 0 +1 +2	
Local resident safety						2
Worker safety						2
Impact on community						
Work pollution (noise, dust, visual impacts, etc)						3
Duration of work						1
Property and development potential						2
Equity						
Training of employees						1
Creation of local jobs						2
Corporate image						
Corporate image						2
Conventions, laws and regulations						
Standards, laws and regulations						2
ECONOMIC ASPECT	Option 1	Option 2A	Option 2B	Option 3	Option 4	Weight
Economic performance	-2 -1 0 +1 +2	-2 -1 0 +1 +2	-2 -1 0 +1 +2	-2 -1 0 +1 +2	-2 -1 0 +1 +2	
Initial Capital cost						3
Total Operation and Maintenance cost						1
Litigation potential						1
Political quality						1
Environmental liability						3
Economic advantage for the local economy						1
Disadvantage to the economy						N/A
Local suppliers						
Local suppliers						1
Sustainability						
Reliability (level of maintenance and repair)						3
Technological aspect						
Research and development						1
Technological innovation						2



REMARKS:

N/A: Not Applicable Indicator

Relative Attribution:

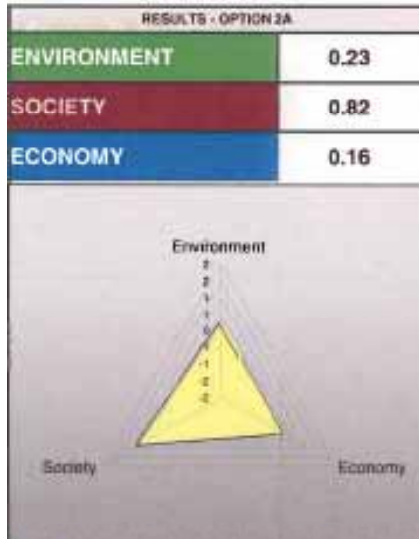
Criteria	Rate
Very Regular	-2
Regular	-1
Neutral	0
Positive	+1
Very Positive	+2

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Case Study # 4 : Study of Alternatives to Off-site Disposal of Contaminated Soils, Pickering Lands Site, ON



Option 2a (On-site Stabilized Landfill) is the Most Sustainable Option:

- Highest scores
- Most well balanced
- Net positive impact on the three dimensions of SD

MAIN NEGATIVE EFFECTS	
Greenhouse Gas Emissions	-2
Consumed Material	-1
Worker Safety	-1
Initial Capital Cost	-1
Environmental Liability	-1

MAIN POSITIVE EFFECTS	
Soil Quality Improvement	+1
Transportation Impact	+1
Hazardous Waste Output	+2
Local Resident Safety	+1
Economic Advantage for Local Community	+1
Research and Development	+1

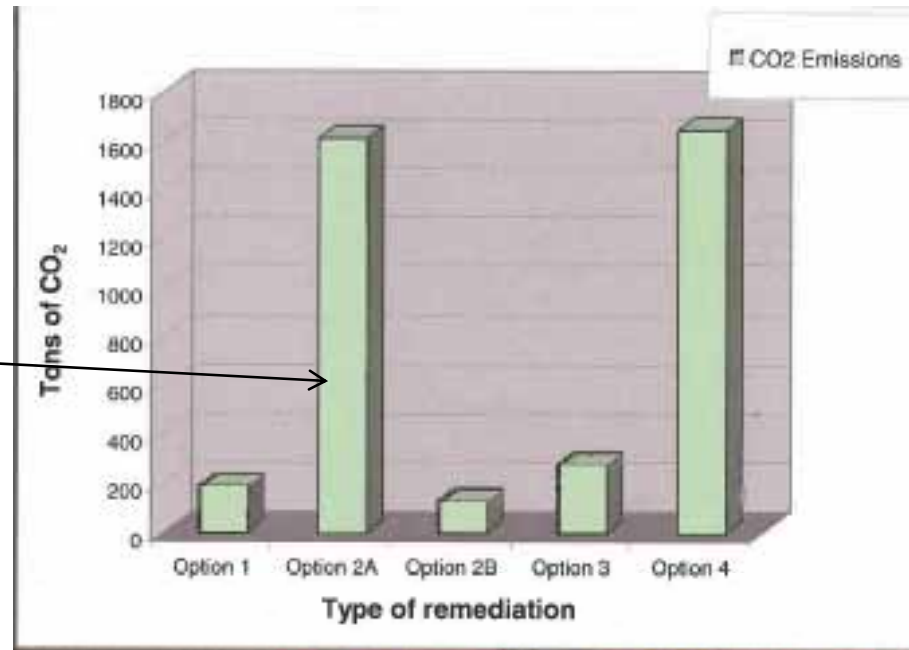
Effects	Note
Very Negative	-2
Negative	-1
Neutral	0
Positive	+1
Very Positive	+2





Case Study # 4 : Study of Alternatives to Off-site Disposal of Contaminated Soils, Pickering Lands Site, ON

Main negative effect of the option is the GHG emissions (1600 tonnes of CO₂ eq.)



- This option would be more sustainable if mitigation measures were introduced (carbon sequestration)
 - Ex: Planting trees over an area in an order of magnitude of 15 hectares (0.2 % of the total area of PLS) could sequester CO₂ emissions from cement over the 15-year lifetime of the stabilized landfill.





Conclusion

- Use of SDT help contaminated site managers introduce Sustainable Development (SD) principles into their activities by assessing the potential environmental, social and economic impacts of different approaches.

- GoldSET© :
 - Structures the decision-making process
 - Provides transparent decision making and simplifies an abstract concept
 - Helps manage business risk (highly adaptable to organizations)
 - Re-engineering & optimization
 - Positive corporate image
 - Good communication tool for impacts & benefits

- The PWSGC/EC SDST is currently in a pilot-testing phase and should be ready very soon for the use of the Federal managers

- The case studies have shown the benefits of integrating SD principles in remediation projects; the use of SDT helps structure the integration of SD principles into remediation projects.



- Performance and Efficiency
- Responsible Development
- Sustainable Communities

Questions?

www.gold-set.com

